TRIDONIC

Driver LC 50/60W 1200/700/1400mA fixC SR SNC

essence series



Product description

- _ Independent fixed output LED driver
- _ Constant current LED driver
- $_$ For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- _ Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- _ Output current 1,200, 700 or 1,400 mA
- _ Max. output power 50 or 60 W
- _ Nominal lifetime up to 50,000 h
- _5 years guarantee (conditions at
- https://www.tridonic.com/manufacturer-guarantee-conditions)

Housing properties

- _ Casing: polycarbonate, white
- _ Type of protection IP20

Functions

- _ Overtemperature protection
- _ Overload protection
- _ Short-circuit protection
- _ No-load protection

Website

http://www.tridonic.com/87500553











Linear











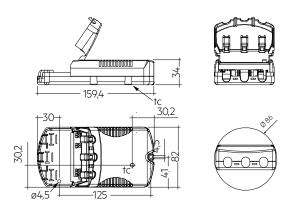


Decorative High bay



Driver LC 50/60W 1200/700/1400mA fixC SR SNC

essence series



Ordering data

Туре	Article number	Packaging, carton	Packaging, low volume	Packaging, high volume	Weight per pc.
LC 50W 1200mA fixC SR SNC	87500553	30 pc(s).	300 pc(s).	1,200 pc(s).	0.196 kg
LC 60W 700mA fixC SR SNC	87500554	30 pc(s).	300 pc(s).	1,200 pc(s).	0.193 kg
LC 60W 1400mA fixC SR SNC	87500555	30 pc(s).	300 pc(s).	1.200 pc(s).	0.195 ka

Technical data

220 – 240 V
198 – 264 V
50 / 60 Hz
320 V AC, 1 h
< 20 %
± 7.5 %
± 30 %
≤ 0.5 s
≤ 0.2 s
0 s
-20 +50 °C
40 °C
-40 +80 °C
IP20
up to 50,000 h
5 Year(s)
159.4 x 82 x 34 mm

Approval marks



Standards

EN 55015, EN 61000-3-2, EN 61000-3-3, EN 61347-1, EN 61347-2-13, EN 61547

Specific technical data

Туре	Output current	Input current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load	Max. input power	Typ. power consumptio n (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full	Output power range	λ at full load	Efficiency at full load	λ over full operating range (min.)	Efficiency at min. load	Min. forward voltage	Max. forward voltage	Max. output voltage (U- OUT)	Max. peak output current at full load	Max. peak output current at min. load®	Max. casing temperature tc
LC 50W 1200mA fixC SR SNC	1,200 mA	260 mA	58 W	55.5 W	36 – 51.6 W	0.96	90 %	0.92C	88 %	30 V	43 V	54 V	1,700 mA	1,800 mA	90 °C
LC 60W 700mA fixC SR SNC	700 mA	290 mA	68 W	60.0 W	42 – 59.5 W	0.96	91 %	0.94C	89 %	60 V	85 V	100 V	1,000 mA	1,100 mA	90 °C
LC 60W 1400mA fixC SR SNC	1,400 mA	300 mA	68 W	66.5 W	42 – 60.2 W	0.96	90 %	0.94C	88 %	30 V	43 V	55 V	2,000 mA	2,100 mA	90 °C

① Output current is mean value.

² Test result at 230 V, 50 Hz.

③ The trend between min. and full load is linear.

Standards

EN 55015

EN 61000-3-2

EN 61000-3-3

EN 61347-1

EN 61347-2-13

EN 61547

Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED driver will protect itself and LED may flicker. After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restored automatically.

Overtemperature protection

The LED driver is protected against temporary thermal overheating. If the temperature limit is exceeded, the output current is reduced to limit to at a certain level.

The temperature protection is activated typically at 10 °C above tc max.

Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the secondary side (LED) the LED driver switches into hic-cup mode. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED driver will recover automatically.

No-load operation

The LED driver works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string opens due to a failure.

Installation instructions

The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 3 kV surge voltage.

Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

Replace LED module

- 1. Mains off
- 2. Remove LED module
- 3. Wait for 10 seconds
- 4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or secondary switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

Expected lifetime

ta	40 °C	50 °C	60°C
tc	80 °C	90 °C	×
Lifetime	50,000 h	30,000 h	×
tc	80 °C	90 °C	×
Lifetime	50,000 h	30,000 h	×
tc	80 °C	90 °C	×
Lifetime	50,000 h	30,000 h	Х
	tc Lifetime tc Lifetime tc	tc 80 °C Lifetime 50,000 h tc 80 °C Lifetime 50,000 h tc 80 °C	tc 80°C 90°C Lifetime 50,000 h 30,000 h tc 80°C 90°C Lifetime 50,000 h 30,000 h tc 80°C 90°C

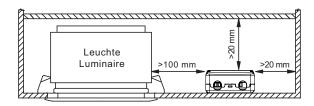
The LED drivers are designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of to to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design. If the measured to temperature is approx. 5 K below to max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical

components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

Fixing conditions

Dry, acidfree, oilfree, fatfree. It is not allowed to exceed the maximum ambient temperature (ta) stated on the device. Minimum distances stated below are recommendations and depend on the actual luminaire. Is not suitable for fixing in corner.



Glow-wire test

according to EN 61347-1 with increased temperature of 850 °C passed.

Mounting of device

Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %,

not condensed

(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush	current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5mm^2	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	$2.5\mathrm{mm}^2$	Imax	Time
LC 50W 1200mA fixC SR SNC	32	45	60	80	32	45	60	80	10 A	50 μs
LC 60W 700mA fixC SR SNC	25	35	45	55	25	35	45	55	12 A	50 μs
LC 60W 1400mA fixC SR SNC	25	35	45	55	25	35	45	55	12 A	50 μs

These are max. values calculated out of continuous current running the device on full load.

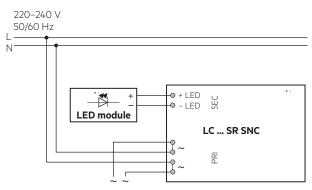
There is no limitation due to inrush current.

If load is smaller than full load for calculation only continuous current has to be considered.

Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 50W 1200mA fixC SR SNC	< 20	< 12	< 4	< 2	< 2	< 2
LC 60W 700mA fixC SR SNC	< 20	< 12	< 4	< 2	< 2	< 2
LC 60W 1400mA fixC SR SNC	< 20	< 12	< 4	< 2	< 2	< 2

Wiring diagram



Device with loop through wiring function.

Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with $500\,V_{DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminals.

The insulation resistance must be at least $2\,M\Omega$.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V $_{AC}$ (or 1.414 x 1500 V $_{DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

Conditions of use

The LED driver is declared as inbuilt LED controlgear, meaning it is intended to be used within a luminaire enclosure.

If the product is used outside a luminaire, the installation must provide suitable protection for people and environment (e.g. in illuminated ceilings).

Wiring type and cross section

The wiring can be in stranded wires with ferrules or solid.

For perfect function of the cage clamp terminals the strip length should be $4-5\,\mathrm{mm}$ for the input terminal.

The max. torque at the clamping screw (M3) is $0.2\,\mathrm{Nm}.$

Use one wire for each terminal connector only.

Use each strain relief channel for one cable only.

Input / Output terminal



Wiring instructions

The secondary leads should be separated from the mains connections and wiring for good EMC performance.

The maximum lead length on secondary side is 2 m. For a good EMC performance keep the LED wiring as short as possible.

Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED control gear and other leads (ideally 5 – 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- To comply with the EMC regulations run the secondary wires (LED module) in parallel.
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- Incorrect wiring can demage LED modules.
- Through wiring of mains is for connecting additional LED driver only. Max. permanent current of 16 A may not be exceeded.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.

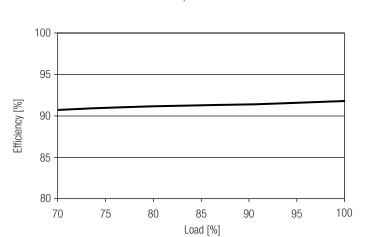
Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Technical Data

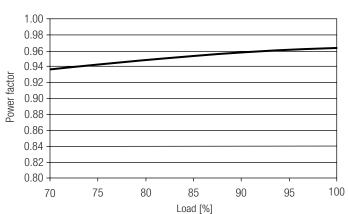
Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.

Diagrams LC 50W 1200mA fixC SR SNC

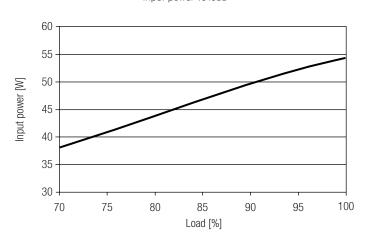




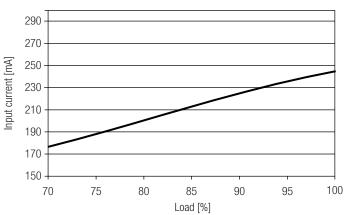
Power factor vs load



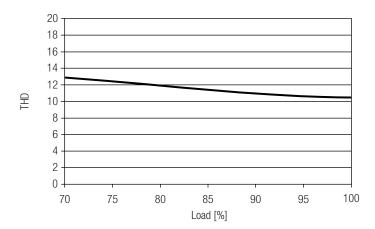
Input power vs load



Input current vs load

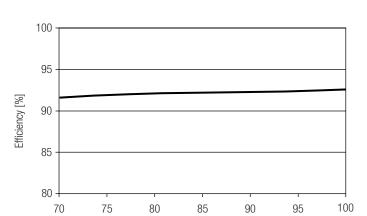


THD vs load

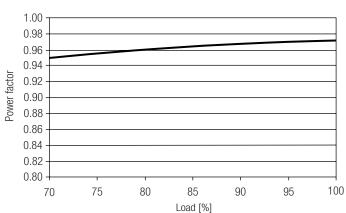


Diagrams LC 60W 700mA fixC SR SNC



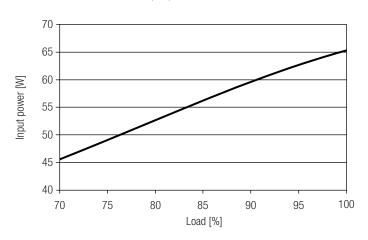


Power factor vs load

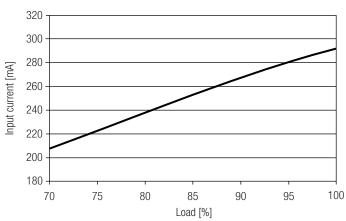


Input power vs load

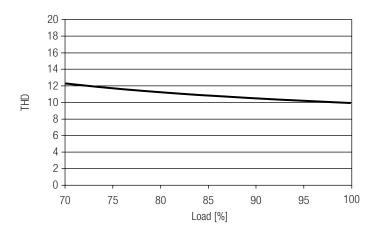
Load [%]



Input current vs load

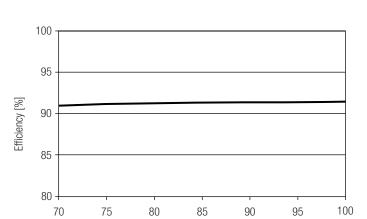


THD vs load

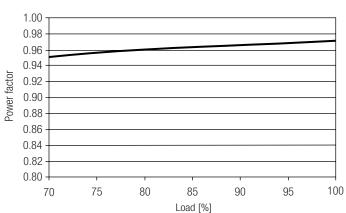


Diagrams LC 60W 1400mA fixC SR SNC



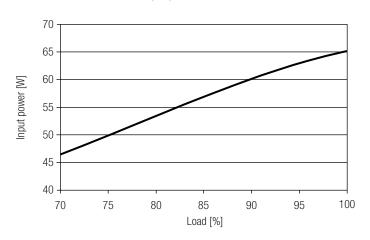


Power factor vs load

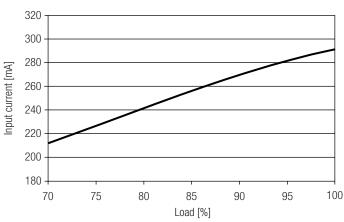


Input power vs load

Load [%]



Input current vs load



THD vs load

